

Integrating gender into UNHCR statistics

Petra Nahmias

Senior Statistician

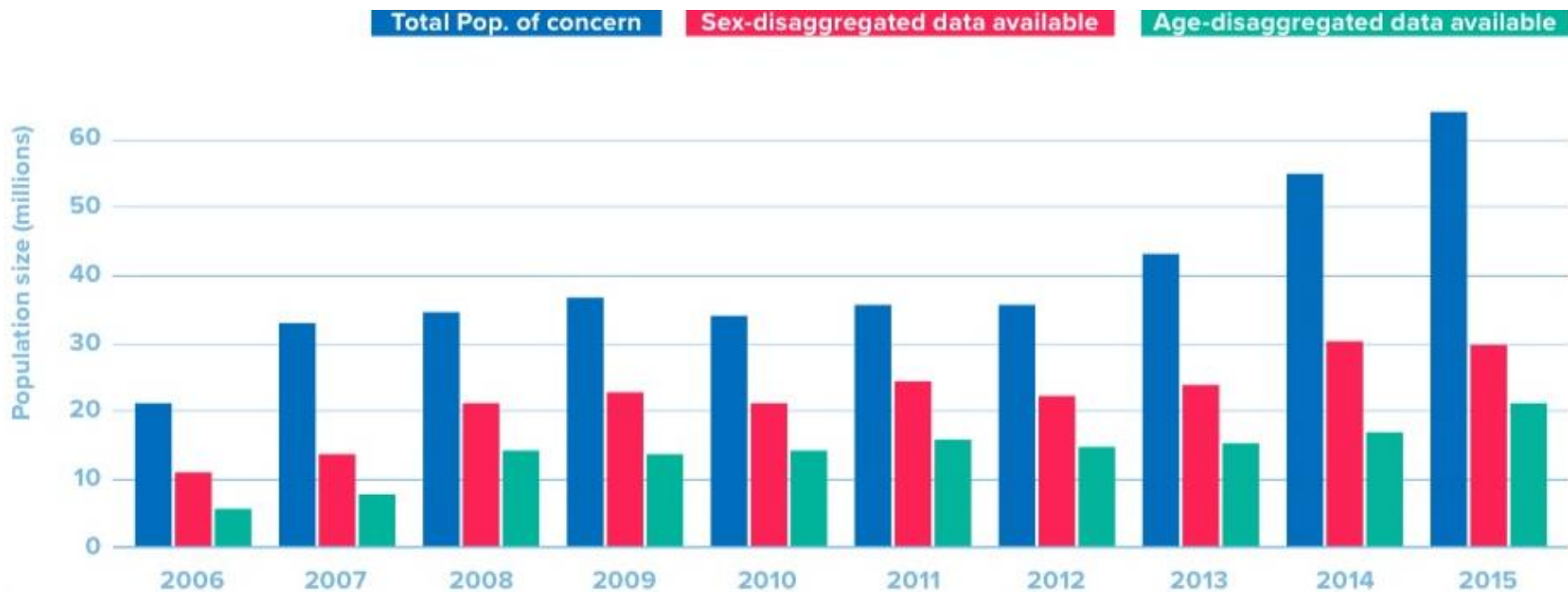
Field Information and Coordination Support Section

Division for Programme Support and Management

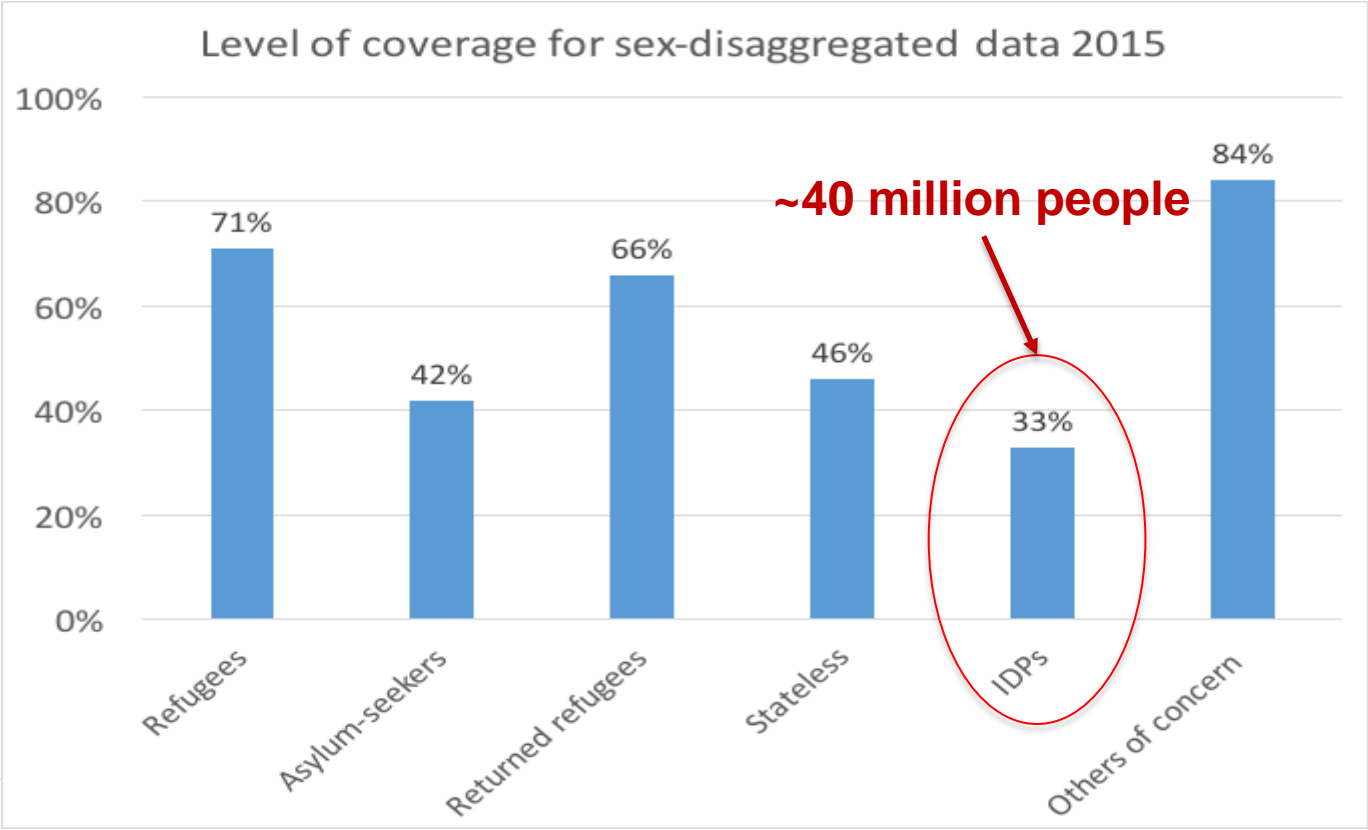
UNHCR Populations of concern

- 63.9 million people:
 - Refugees (16.1 million under UNHCR mandate)
 - Asylum-seekers (3.2 million)
 - Internally-displaced (40.8 million)
 - Stateless (3.7 million)
 - Returned refugees (0.2 million)

Demographic disaggregation

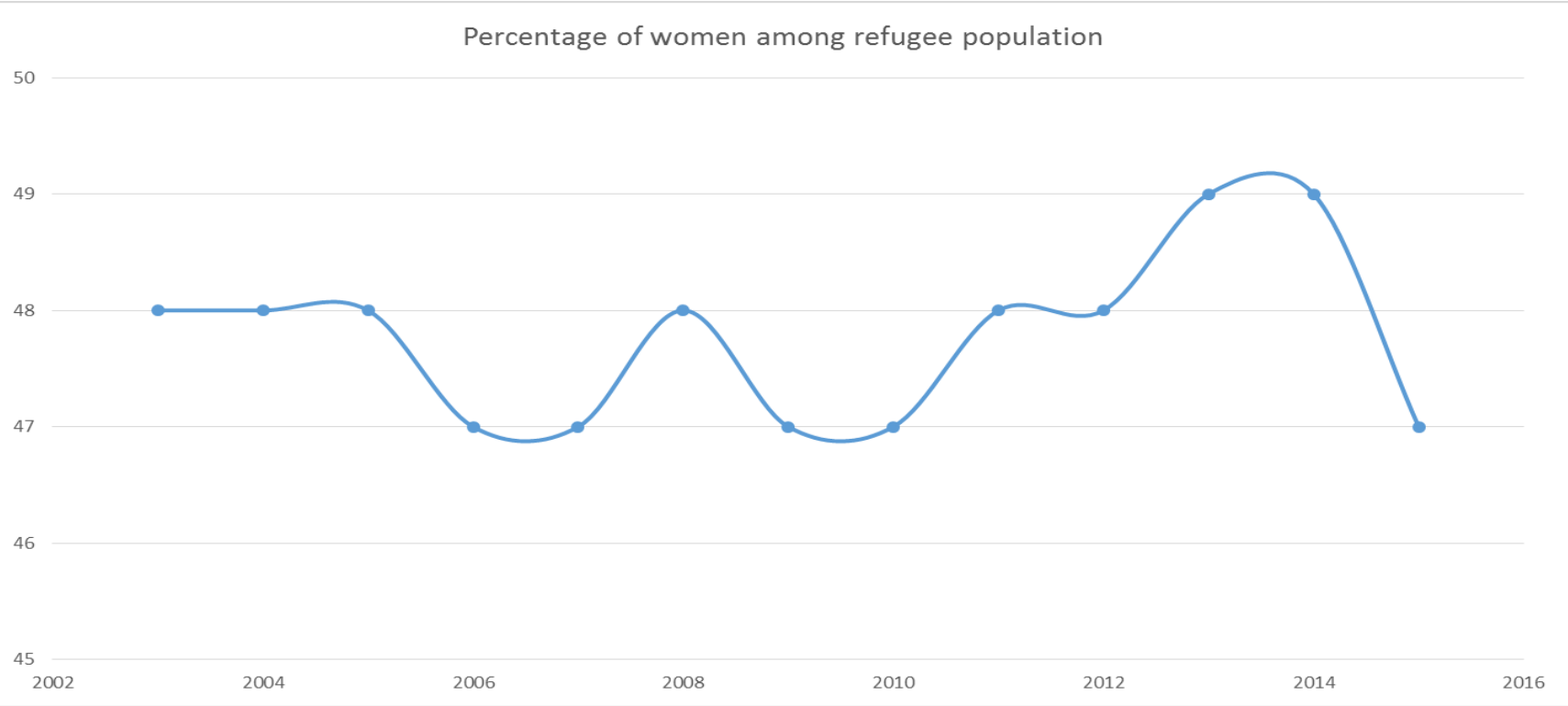


Coverage of populations of concern



Percent of women among refugees

Percentage of women among refugee population



But large differences by country

- Percent women among refugees by country of asylum:

Highest

Chad 56%

Togo 56%

Mauritania 55%

Niger 55%

Lowest

Italy 19%

Indonesia 22%

Brazil 26%

Republic of Korea 26%

Expert Group on Refugee and IDP statistics

- Producing set of International Recommendations on Refugee Statistics
- Integrating gender perspective into recommendations

Applied statistical methods

- Support to field offices – integrating gender perspective to data collection
 - Profiling
 - Needs assessment
 - Vulnerability assessment
 - Targeting
 - Indicators for monitoring and evaluation
 - Surveys on statelessness

Emergency information management

- Try to collect data on age and gender breakdown by location, population types and registration status
- Often need to use rapid population estimation methods

Key minimum emergency indicators

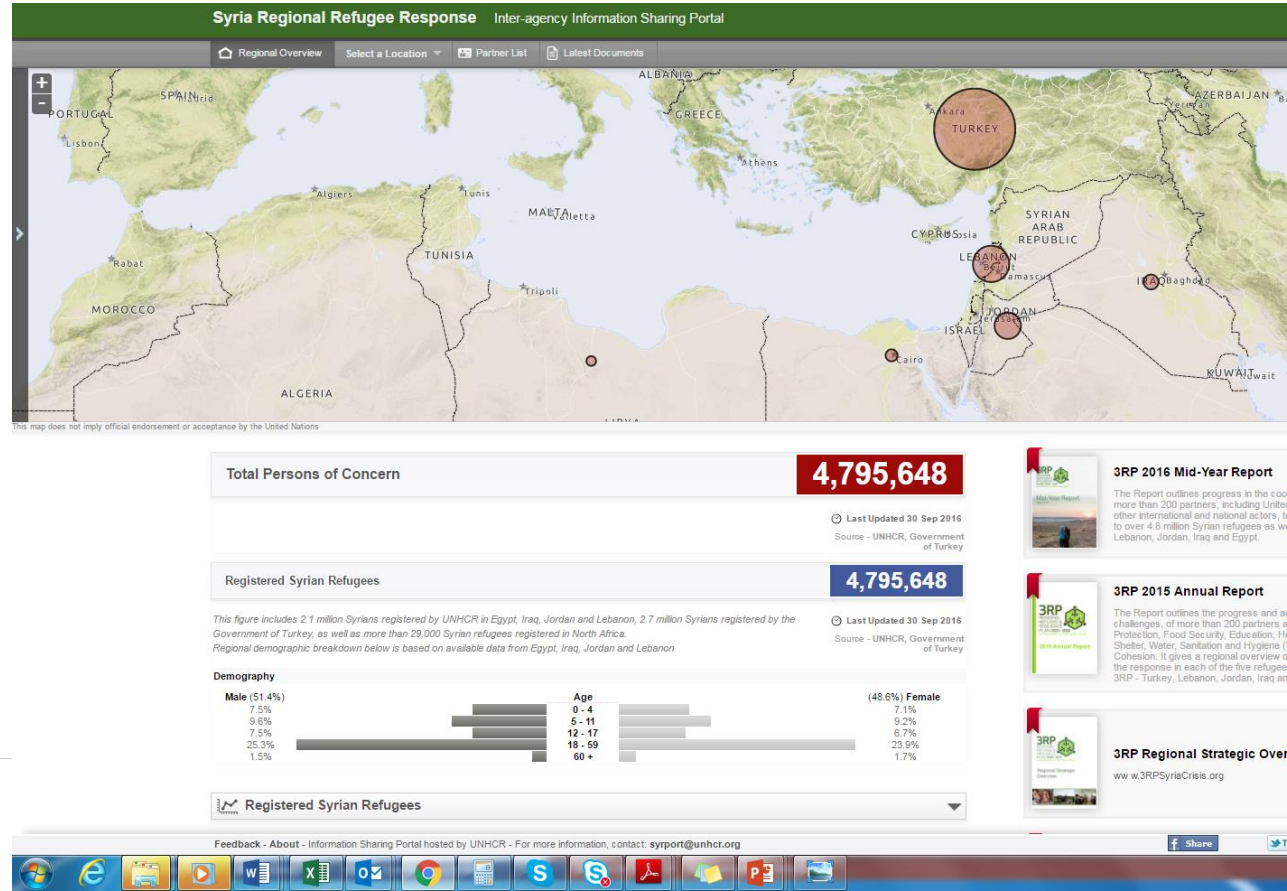
- Public health
 - Proportion of births attend by a skilled health worker
- Protection (context dependent) e.g.:
 - Female headed households
 - Distance of settlement or camp farming areas form women's work areas
 - Proxy indicators for GBV

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Operational data

- Data disaggregated as far as possible
- Emphasis on timeliness



Priorities for future

- Increase gender-disaggregation coverage, especially for IDPs
- Ensure gender-disaggregated data on forced displacement included in NSDS
- Gender-disaggregated indicator of forced displacement in SDG framework and MSGI
- Improve gender-relevant data collection in emergency settings and appropriate indicators
- Mainstream gender-relevant issues and gender-disaggregation to applied statistical methods

Thank you!

Please explore our websites:

Statistics: <http://www.unhcr.org/statistics>

Population database: <http://popstats.unhcr.org/en/overview>

Operational data: <http://data.unhcr.org/>

Emergency information toolkit: <http://data.unhcr.org/imtoolkit/>

Twine (public health monitoring): <http://twine.unhcr.org/>

nahmias@unhcr.org